Theatre Arts Department 2023 Annual Assessment Report Appendix 1: Short Executive Summary

I. Background and Context

During the 2022-2023 Academic Year the department entertained extensive conversations about whether the department's Written Effectiveness PLO could be changed in order to more fully exhibit a range of effective writing in theatre and drama. For many years, Written Effectiveness has been assessed solely in the department's Theatre History courses – TA 120 (The Stage's Use of History from the Greeks to the Present) and TA 121 (The History of Acting and Directing).

The department considered two major issues: 1) whether Written Effectiveness might be displayed in the department's creative courses; and 2) Since Professor John Blondell has shouldered the load of assessing student writing, could the department more equally share the assessment load between individual faculty members?

The department discussed both issues at length, and engaged Professor Sarah Skripsky to help the department weigh the various issues in a proposed change to its Written Effectiveness Outcome, which presently reads: Students apply discipline-specific research methodologies in crafting effective writing about theatrical practice.

Following lengthy discussions and considerations, and a working lunch with Professor Skripsky in April 2023, the department concluded that it is best to assess Written Effectiveness right where it is – in the Theatre History sequence. Consequently, for the 2022 and 2023, the department assessed the following Outcomes in TA 120 – The Stage's Use of History from the Greeks to the Renaissance.

II. Specific Learning Outcome for Disciplinary Written Effectiveness, TA 120

- Student Learning Outcome 1
 Students will develop a precise thesis and fully developed arguments in their writing.
- Student Learning Outcome 2
 Students will be able to produce accurate discipline-specific research in their writing.

III. The Assignment

The major writing assignment for TA 120 involves a 2,500-word essay, where students, using primary sources, create a stage history for four important (or not so) Shakespearean productions of the last 25 years from the local, regional, national, or international stage. For this essay, students receive a rubric and key to the rubric that explains Written Effectiveness for this assignment. Students provide a draft, and the professor creates a marked up rubric, a letter grade, and specific feedback on work submitted, both in written and oral form. Students use the feedback to prepare revisions of the essays, which are due on the dates indicated. At that time, more written feedback will be offered, and students have, as an option, the opportunity to continue revising their work. In other words, all students revise each written assignment at least one time during the course of the semester, and may revise essays as many times as they wish, at least until the hour glass of the semester runs its course.

IV. Summaries of Written Feedback

The following represent samples of written feedback for three individual Theatre Arts majors.

Student 1

This is very good and it's only going to get better! You select three fascinating performances, describe and write about them well, and develop a concise, literate, informed, and illuminating analysis of the productions. Lovely! Take a look at the marginalia – fix the first sentence as the play is the first play in the first cycle of English History Plays. Take a look at various punctuation suggestions/errors and fix those, and fix the non-sentence in the introduction. As to more substantive things, can you add some images to the essay, so the reader sees what you see? I think your descriptions are very good – it would be great to have representations of the various images you describe. In addition, make a more concrete and vivid thesis statement. Your essay seems to focus on revolutionary, ground-breaking performances that say as much about the time of the performances as the play itself. Make that more clear, complete, and concise. Make that Kean's production indeed marks a highpoint of pictorialism in the theatre. You can use that word, by the way – it's a thing. 19th century Pictorial Shakespeare used the new found vogue for the historical past to create theatre of incredible spectacle. I have a source for you – you can grab a phrase or two to describe Pictorialism in this sense of the play. The same source can give you more grist for you mill regarding the Barton production. Remind me - I will give to you. Take a look at the chapters relative to those productions to see what you can use, to develop an approach that focuses on productions that were revolutionary or otherwise groundbreaking at the time of their performances. Nice Start!

C+

This is a lovely revision. The thesis is tighter and more focused, and the descriptions stand out because you added the images to which they correspond. This is lovely. The first sentence is still not clear, though. *Richard* is not the first of the cycle; it's the first *play of the cycle*. Fix this and it's an A. GREAT!

Student 2

This is a very good start – in fact, I would say it's some of the best writing you have done for me. You select three interesting productions, and you do an excellent job explaining the revelatory, ground-breaking aspects of them. The writing is for the most part clear and concise, and there is a story in here that is worth telling. OK – some things to work on. First of all, where are the citations? Why are there no citations in the essay? Please come see me if you don't understand what I mean. Second of all, develop a more clear and concise thesis statement, and pin the discussion about the plays to that thesis. Second of all, as you can see from my margin notes, you tend to say the same thing about the productions again and again and sometimes again. It's like each paragraph is a little mini essay, and you start again with the same information, and simply reword the previous paragraph. Say the things you say ONE Time. Unfold the essay to new and more interesting things. Also, can you include some photos that you describe? Also, it's a great idea to quote some of the reviews. You mention that the reviews are good – give a few examples, and then describe why the reviews are important, from your point of view, for the production. Also, I think you need to develop better organization for the first production. Work from general ideas to more specific ones. You start with specific ones, jump to general, and then jump to a reiteration of specific ones. The organization of your essay needs work. So you have some things to do!

Great start - Keep Going!

C-

Where are the citations? The organization problems aren't fixed. The thesis statement is acceptable.

C/C-

Student 3

Well, this is terrific! It's Mega Late, but it's TERRIFIC nonetheless. I think that London Theatre Mayterm was a huge benefit to your writing, analytical, and reviewing skills, and your writing is showing it Big Time. The essay is vividly and thoughtfully written and carefully researched. It's really wonderful. OK – here are some things to work on. Please get me these revisions by Thursday. First, look at the few margin notes I make. Write in the present tense regarding the productions – you write in the past tense about the Bitola H63, and in the present for the other

two. Make that consistent throughout. Also, make sure you cite everything you use. The comments about the significance of the gender bent casting in the Bitola H63 actually comes from a review, and even though you paraphrase it, it's still somebody else's original insight, so you need to attribute it to that reviewer. Also, take a look at the provenance of *Rose Rage*. It originated by Hall's Propeller Company in 02, I think, then perhaps developed by CST in 03? Anyway, talk a bit about that historical story, because it seems like the CST production is a stand alone production in your review, but it actually had a history before it came over the pond. And can you find any photos for that? You have photos for the other shows; it seems a bit vacant to not have photos for this one. Last, please make a more potent thesis statement. How do these productions hang together? Your intro is interesting, with nice writing, but there's not real thesis here. You seem to get at it when you mention the "variety" of the productions, but perhaps you can tease out something more specific and particular. Maybe something to do with various innovations of the shows? Bring out the video, the gender bending, and the meat? Variety is a bit vanilla – make it more potent and poppy. Keep Going!!

B-

The revisions in verb tense are better and the inclusion of photos is good. Very good thesis statement. MLA format is improved. B+ for revision. Very Late. B

V. Assessment and Short Discussion

Using the rubric and key to the rubric found in Appendix 2 and 2A, the following general conclusions were drawn:

- 1. In first drafts, students have trouble creating clear thesis statements and arguments.
- 2. Students are vague about how to use MLA style for their essays.
- Following the feedback loop, students improve!!

VI. Final Observations

Departmental work in the Written Effectiveness PLO was rich and rewarding. The department enjoyed significant discussions within the department, and with Sarah Skripsky who helped guide our conversations very much. The department made clear and logical decisions about how to move forward with disciplinary writing in our department. The assignment developed data that suggests more time might be spent during the course about 1) what constitutes Written Effectiveness for a Theatre Arts major; 2) how to craft thesis statements and provide coherent arguments/discussion for the exploration thereof; and 3) how to better equip students in writing that uses MLA format.

Appendix 2: Grading Rubric for Theatre Research Essay

	STRUCTURE & ORGANIZATION	ARGUMENT & ANALYSIS	Use of Evidence	BIBLIOGRAPHIC FORMAT & SOURCES	STYLE & MECHANICS
Α	Essay has a compelling purpose. Introduction contextualizes issue and engages reader; thesis is precise, original, and sophisticated; transitions clarify relationships of ideas; paragraphs cohere and build substantively on one another; conclusion demonstrates substantive reflection.	Response to topic is insightful and original, and fully addresses the prompt. Essay offers a compelling and fully developed argument, clearly laid out. No gaps in logic are present. Analysis is excellent. Answers "so what?" question.	Essay provides compelling and accurate evidence that convinces the reader to accept the main argument. Significant and persuasive examples illustrate all points. Quotation and paraphrase are relevant, incorporated skillfully, and analyzed explicitly.	Impeccable MLA citation style throughout. Correct parenthetic citation of all sources; sources used appear correctly in list of works cited. Minimum source requirements exceeded. All sources are reliable and discipline-speci fic.	The writing is polished and distinctive, and rivets the attention of the audience. Diction is vivid and precise. Consistent use of standard grammar, punctuation, and spelling.

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	Essay has a	Response to	Essay provides	Very few errors	The writing is
	clear purpose;	topic is	necessary	in MLA citation	concise and
	digressions	thoughtful and	evidence to	style. Largely	fluent, and
	from purpose	purposeful, and	convince the	correct	typically holds
	are rare.	addresses the	reader of most	parenthetic	the attention of
	Introduction	prompt. Ideas	points of the	citation of	the audience.
	is informative;	are developed.	main argument.	sources; all	Diction is
	thesis is	Essay offers an	Effective	sources appear	concrete,
	interesting	argument that	examples	in list of works	fitting, and
	and makes an	unfolds	illustrate most	cited, with	solid. Few
В	argumentativ	logically; few, if	points.	some style	deviations from
P	e claim;	any mental	Quotation and	errors. All	standard
	transitions are	leaps are	paraphrase are	minimum	grammar,
	generally	required.	generally	source	punctuation,
	smooth;	Analysis is	relevant,	requirements	and spelling.
	paragraphs	steady.	incorporated	met. Most	
	cohere and	Considers "so	grammatically,	sources are	
	sequence is	what?"	and at least	reliable and	
	logical;		partially	discipline-speci	
	conclusion		contextualized.	fic.	
	goes beyond				
	summary.				

Essay's central Essay provides Errors in MLA The writing is Response to purpose is not topic is some evidence to bland or stilted, citation style. Some missing only sometimes consistently appropriate but support an clear; needs more argument, but parenthetic engaging the reasoning sustained evidence is citations; all attention of the wanders. thinking; the incomplete or sources appear audience. Introduction scope of the oversimplified. in list of works Diction is Ineffective is pedestrian; prompt is only cited, but with generally clear thesis is partially examples are and fitting with partial or present but addressed. employed in occasional incorrect Points are left illustrating vague, documentation vague, clichéd, self-evident, points. undeveloped. . Most source or incorrect Quotation and or unoriginal; Reader must requirements wording. transitions are construct an paraphrase are met. Some Occasional C lacking; argument from present, but lack sources taken comma splices, the text and/or relevance, are from fragments, paragraphs have lapses in supply needed awkwardly or questionable or misspellings, or ungrammatically coherence analysis. general, rather other errors. and/or do not incorporated, Analysis is than build upon often and/or lack discipline-speci one another superficial. "So analysis to fic, references. in logical what?" gets connect them with the author's short shrift. progression; conclusion is claims. merely a summary, or lacks reflection on implications.

	Essay's central	Response to	Essay provides	Serious or	The writing is
	purpose is	topic is	little evidence or	pervasive	awkward and
	generally	inadequate.	misrepresents	errors in MLA	generally
	unclear; little	The prompt's	ideas. Examples	style. Complete	unable to hold
	thought is	aims are	are often	parenthetic	the attention of
	evident in	addressed	missing, or are	citation often	the audience.
	either topic	insufficiently.	overly	missing; some	Diction is
	selection or	Little or no	generalized,	sources do not	frequently
	execution.	attempt is	ramble, or lack	appear in list of	clichéd,
	Introduction	made to	supporting	works cited.	repetitive,
	is absent or	articulate an	details.	Failure to	vague, or
	fails to	argument.	Quotation and	alphabetize	incorrect.
	demonstrate	Reader must	paraphrase are	works cited list.	Repeated
	topic'	generate all	insufficient,	Source	comma splices,
	significance;	substantive	excessive, or	requirements	fragments, or
	thesis is	analysis.	inaccurate, or	not met.	other serious
	missing,	Subject is not	presented	Discipline-speci	deviations.
D	difficult to	comprehended	without	fic references	
	identify, or	; analysis	contextualization	not consulted.	
	aimless;	breaks down.		Use of	
	organization is	"So what?" is		Wikipedia or	
	haphazard,	unconsidered.		other highly	
	ideas fail to			inappropriate	
	make sense			sources.	
	together;				
	some				
	paragraphs				
	are repetitive				
	or irrelevant;				
	conclusion is				
	missing, or				
	fails to offer				
	any				
	meaningful				
	comment.				

	Essay has no	Response to	Essay makes	MLA citations	The writing is
	central	topic is wholly	factual errors.	omitted. No	clumsy and fails
	purpose or is	deficient. The	Examples are	parenthetic	to engage the
	of an	prompt is	absent or	documentation	audience.
	unacceptable	disregarded.	irrelevant.	. List of works	Diction
	length.	Intent is	Quotation and	cited absent.	confounds
	Paragraphs	aimless. Little	paraphrase are	Plagiarism.	comprehension
F	thoroughly	thought is	inappropriate,		. Pervasive
	fail to	evident.	inaccurate or		grammatical
	comprehend		absent.		errors.
	subject.				
	Internal				
	structure				
	generates no				
	momentum.				

Appendix 2A) Key to Rubric for Theatre Research Essays

	Standards for Mastery		
Structure &	Purpose of essay is readily apparent to the reader. Essay is focused, unified,		
organization	and logical throughout, with elegant use of transitional devices to articulate		
	relationships between ideas. Paragraphs are unified and cohesive, and		
	build substantively upon one another in ways that effectively serve the		
	progress of the argument. The reader can follow the line of reasoning.		
Introduction	Succinctly contextualizes issue and establishes its significance in lively,		
	engaging prose.		
Thesis	Precise, carefully considered, and original, making a clear, specific,		
statement	sophisticated, and plausible argumentative claim.		
Conclusion	Goes beyond summary to show serious reflection; demonstrates the		
	implications of argument for reader. Resolves the importance of the		
	argument for the reader.		
Use of	Essay provides compelling and accurate evidence that convinces the reader		
evidence	to accept the main argument. Examples are used to support all points. The		
	importance and relevance of all pieces of evidence is clearly stated. Essay		
	offers fresh readings of critical sources, clearly and accurately summarizing		
	their contributions and limitations, and linking them together in a		
	convincing framework. Alternate or conflicting interpretations of evidence		
	are thoughtfully considered and responded to in ways that ultimately		
	buttress the author's main argument.		
Quotation &	Text is properly quoted and paraphrased, and is skillfully, gracefully, and		
paraphrase	grammatically integrated into the argument. Each quotation is explicitly		
	analyzed to show how the passage serves as evidence for the argument.		

Analysis & argument	Essay contains a compelling and original argument that is clearly laid out for the reader. Analysis is insightful, offering a fresh and illuminating take on the evidence. There are no gaps in reasoning; the reader does not need to assume anything or do additional research to accept the main argument. "So What?" question is answered consistently.
Style	The writing is compelling, polished, and distinctive. It hooks the reader and sustains interest throughout. Sentences are skillfully constructed and distinctive, varied in length and structure, and flow smoothly from one to another.
Diction	Masterful use of language. Diction is vivid, vigorous, fresh, and precise. No words are misused.
Grammar & mechanics	Consistent use of standard grammar, spelling, and punctuation. Fragments, comma splices, and run-on sentences are scrupulously avoided, dependent clause markers are used appropriately, words are spelled properly, and punctuation marks are used correctly.
Bibliographic format	Proper MLA citation style throughout. All quotations and paraphrases include complete and accurate parenthetic citation in the text. All entries in the List of Works Cited are accurate, complete, alphabetized, and referenced in the text, and include all the necessary information in the correct order, properly punctuated. No authors are misidentified and no entries feature misspellings.
Sources	Minimum source requirements: more than 1 primary source, or more than 4 secondary sources used. All secondary sources published since 1985, most sources from scholarly books or peer-reviewed journals. Mixed use of both book and journal sources.